

## **INSTRUCTIONS FOR ASSEMBLY**

**IMPORTANT READ & SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS**

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## **Important Safety Information**

**IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION**  
**READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING**



This is the safety alert symbol. This symbol alerts you to potential hazards that can injure you & others

All safety messages will follow the safety alert symbol and the word “WARNING” or “CAUTION” which means:



**You could be killed or seriously injured if you don't follow these instructions.**



**You might be injured or seriously injured if you don't follow these instructions.**

All safety messages will tell you what the potential hazard is, tell you how to reduce the chance of injury, and tell you what can happen if the instructions are not followed.

## **Before Beginning the Assembly Process**

Please read through these assembly instructions completely to familiarize yourself with the order in which components need to be assembled. It is important to assemble the components in the order outlined in this manual. All references to left side or right side are based on you facing the front of the cabinets, shelf, or workbench.

For technical support or questions, call 1-800-722-3020

## Tools Required for Assembly

Read and follow the instructions provided with any tools listed below. Use personal protective equipment as required.

### Sockets / Wrenches

- Socket wrench
- 3" – 6" drive extension for sockets
- 3/8", 7/16", and 1/2" sockets
- 3/16" hex (Allen) wrench
- Adjustable wrench

### Drill Bits

- 3/16", 13/64", and 9/32" bits

### Screw Drivers

- #2 Phillips screwdriver
- Two (2) Flathead screwdrivers

### General Tools

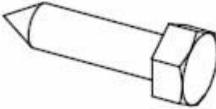
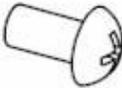
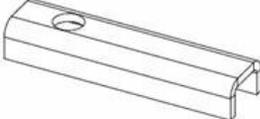
- Hammer
- Electric Drill
- Measuring Tape
- Flat punch (or screwdriver)
- Center punch
- Dark marker or masking tape
- Level

### Personal Protection

- Work gloves
- Eye protection

## Fastener Guide

Only the fasteners for the accessories ordered will be shipped.

	1/4-20 x 1" socket head cap screw		5/16-18 x 5/8" whiz lock bolt
	1/4-20 x 1" hex head bolt		5/16 x 1 1/4" lag screw
	#14 x 3/4" slotted hex head screw		1/4-20 x 1/2" Phillips round head screw
	5/16-18 x 1 3/4" hex head screw		Side-to-side support bracket
	1/4" flat washer		5/16" flat washer
	1/4-20 keps nut		5/16-18 top lock flange nut

\* Fasteners not shown to scale.

## Mobile Toolboxes

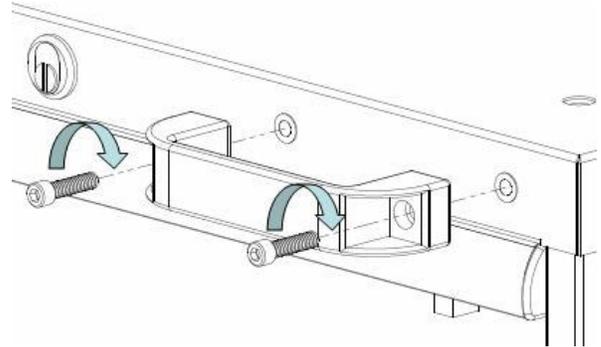
### Installing Handles on Your Mobile Toolbox

Your mobile toolbox will come with the hardware in place to add handles to either the front or the side of the toolbox (predetermined based on size).

#### Front Push Handles

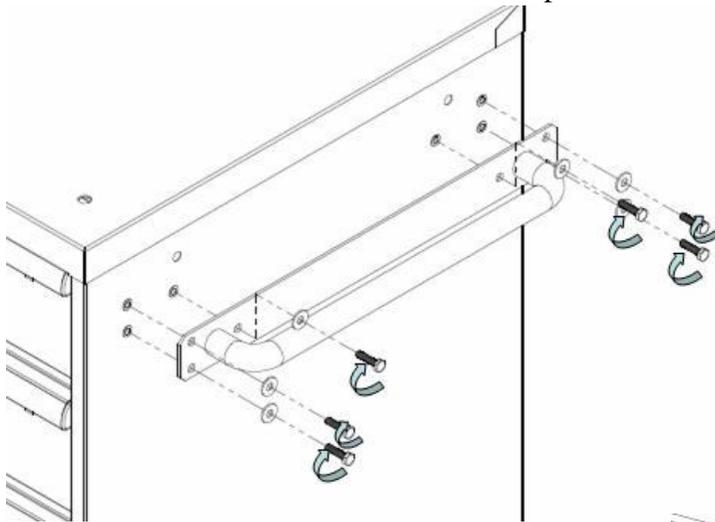
The front push handles are black in color and are a simple 'C' shape with a single hole at each end.

1. Hold the handle up against the front of the toolbox – line up the holes in the handle with the threaded inserts in the front of the toolbox.
2. Loosely attach the handle by hand screwing one (1) ¼-20 x 1" socket head screw into each hole in a clockwise direction.
3. Use the 3/16" hex wrench to tighten the screws as shown.
4. Repeat Steps 1-3 for the second handle.



#### Side Push Handles

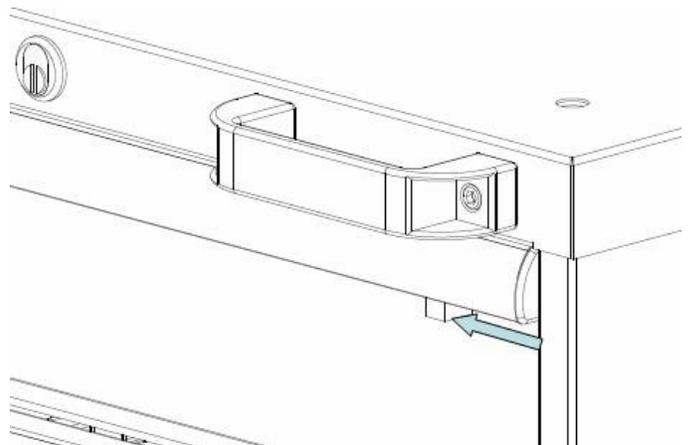
The side push handle is a long chrome handle with three (3) mounting holes at each end. The sets of holes at each end of the handle match up with a set of holes in the side of the toolbox.



1. Hold the handle up against the toolbox – line up the sets of holes in the handle with the sets of inserts in the side of the toolbox.
2. Loosely attach the handle by hand screwing one (1) ¼-20 x 1" hex head bolt through one (1) ¼" flat washer into each hole in a clockwise direction. Do not tighten until all six (6) screws are in place.
3. Use the 7/16" socket or wrench to tighten all the screws.

#### Individual Drawer Latches (IDL's)

The mobile toolbox comes equipped with an IDL on one (1) end of every drawer. These latches prevent the drawers from opening when the cabinet is being moved. Once the cabinet is unlocked you still need to release the latch in order to open the drawer. To release the latch push the tab underneath the drawer handle towards the center of the drawer, hold it there, and pull the drawer out.



## Loading Instructions for Mobile Toolboxes



### Tip Hazard

Load mobile toolbox as outlined below.  
Failure to do so may result in injury and potential damage to product due to tipping.

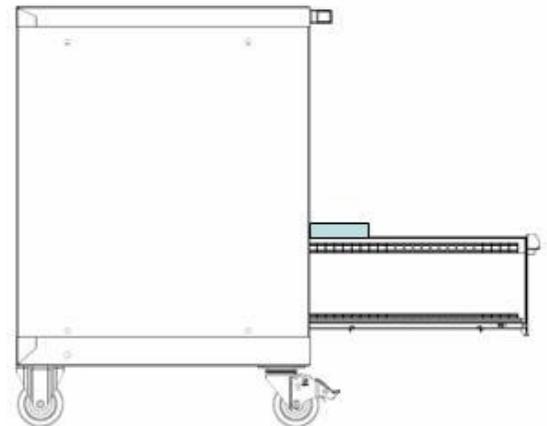
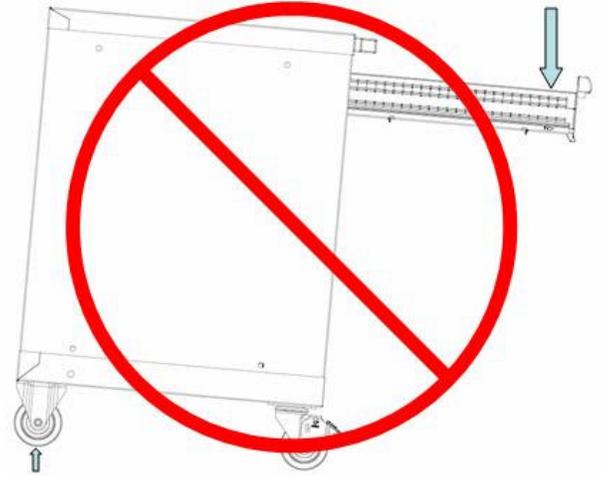
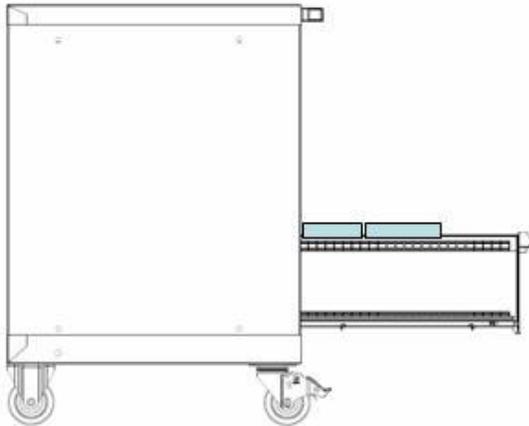
### IMPORTANT:

When loading an empty cabinet:

- Do not completely fill an entire drawer
- Do not drop a load into a drawer
- Do not fill a drawer from the front third
- Do not fill a cabinet from the top drawer first

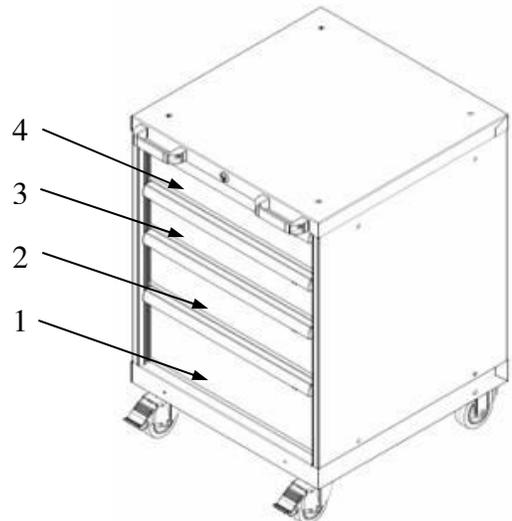
To load your mobile toolbox:

1. Open the bottom drawer.
2. Fill the back third of the drawer first. Do not exceed 35 lbs.
3. Close the drawer and open the drawer immediately above.
4. Again fill the back third of the drawer with no more than 35 lbs.
5. Repeat Steps 3 – 4, working your way up the cabinet.



6. Once all the drawers have a load in the rear third, repeat Steps 1 – 5, filling the next third of the drawers.
7. Once all the drawers have a load in the rear two thirds, repeat Steps 1 – 5 to complete filling the drawers.

Loading  
Order



# Workbench

## Preparing for Assembly



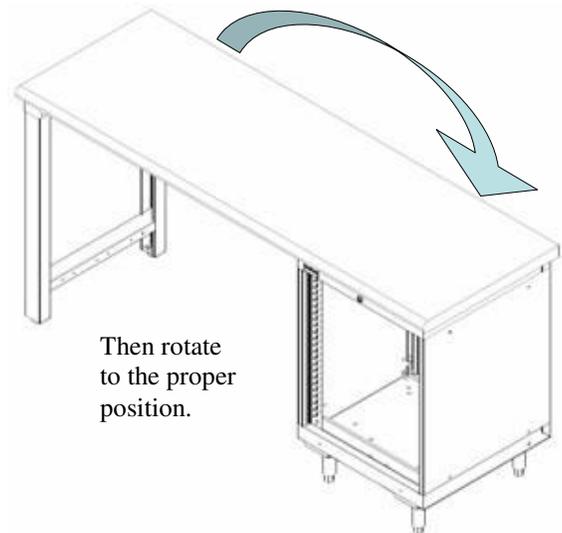
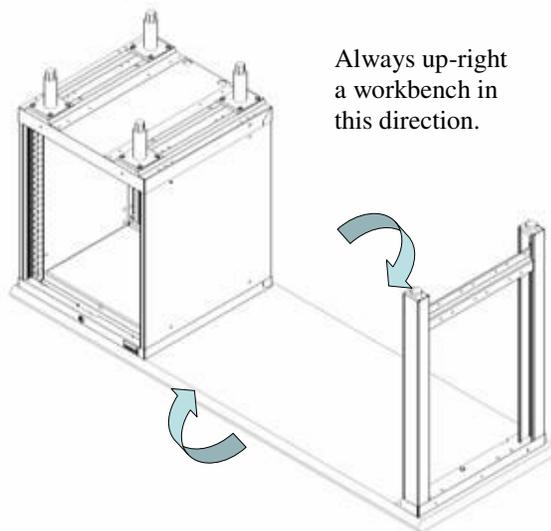
### **Weight Hazard**

**Use two people to move and flip the work surface.  
Failure to do so may result in back or other injury  
and in potential damage to product.**

1. With two (2) people, place the work surface upside-down on a protective surface (like the shipping carton) to prevent damaging the surface.
2. Locate the rounded edge of the work surface – this will be the front of the finished workbench.
3. The work surface should come pre-drilled. If the work surface has not

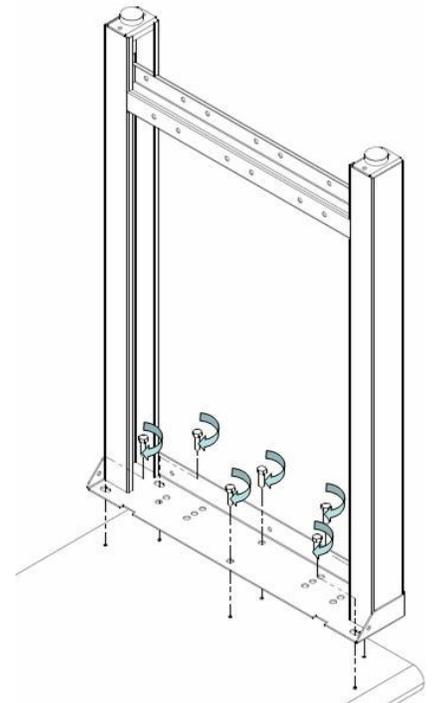
been predrilled, please refer to the section below titled Drilling the Work Surface.

4. If you are attaching a stationary cabinet to your work surface, decide whether you want it on the left or right end of the bench when everything is set up. Keep in mind that when upside-down the cabinet will have to be attached on the opposite end of the finished, up-righted bench.



## Assembling Legs to Workbench

1. Turn the workbench leg upside-down and place it on the work surface. Align the hole pattern of the legs with the hole pattern in the work surface.
2. When the holes in the legs and work surface are aligned, the outer edge of the leg should sit  $\frac{3}{4}$ " (19mm) in from the rear and side edges of the work surface.
3. Using the  $\frac{1}{2}$ " socket (with wrench, drill or ratchet) secure the leg with six (6)  $\frac{5}{16}$  x  $1\frac{1}{4}$ " lag screws by turning the screws in a clockwise direction. Leave the screws slightly loose until all six (6) are in place and then tighten the screws, until snug, starting with the two center screws and working out to the screws in the elongated holes at the ends of the leg. Tip: Put a small amount of candle wax or soap on the lag screws to make this easier. Do not over-tighten screws as it may cause the wooden work surface to split over time.



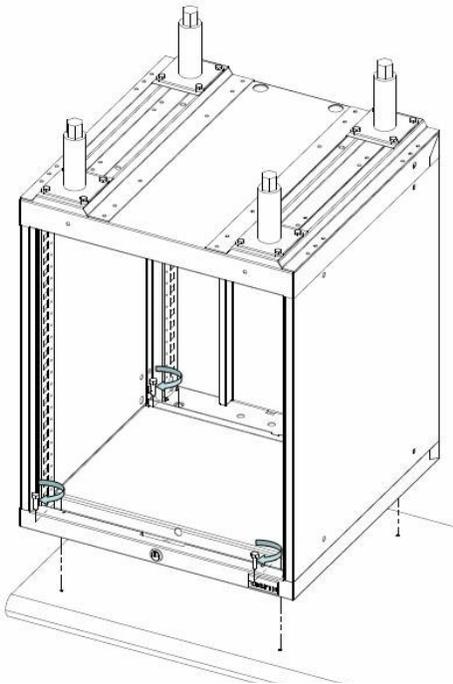
## Assembling Cabinet to Workbench

### CAUTION

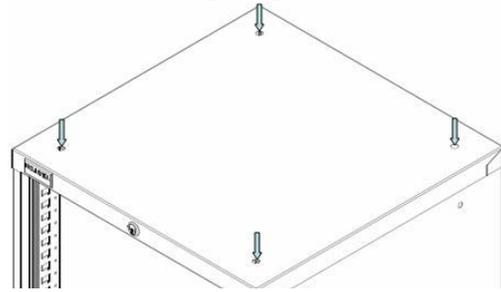
#### Excessive Weight Hazard

**Use two people to move and flip the cabinet.  
Failure to do so may result in back or other injury  
and in potential damage to product.**

2. Remove the round knockouts (there is one (1) located in each corner of the top of the cabinet). This is done by placing a screwdriver (or a flat punch) at the center of the hole and hitting the end with a hammer until the knockout falls into the cabinet.



1. Remove the drawers from the cabinet by following the [Lista Drawer Suspension Installation & Removal Instructions](#) that are shipped with the cabinet. This step provides access to the holes required for bolting the cabinet to the work surface and also makes the cabinet lighter when it is time to flip it upside-down.



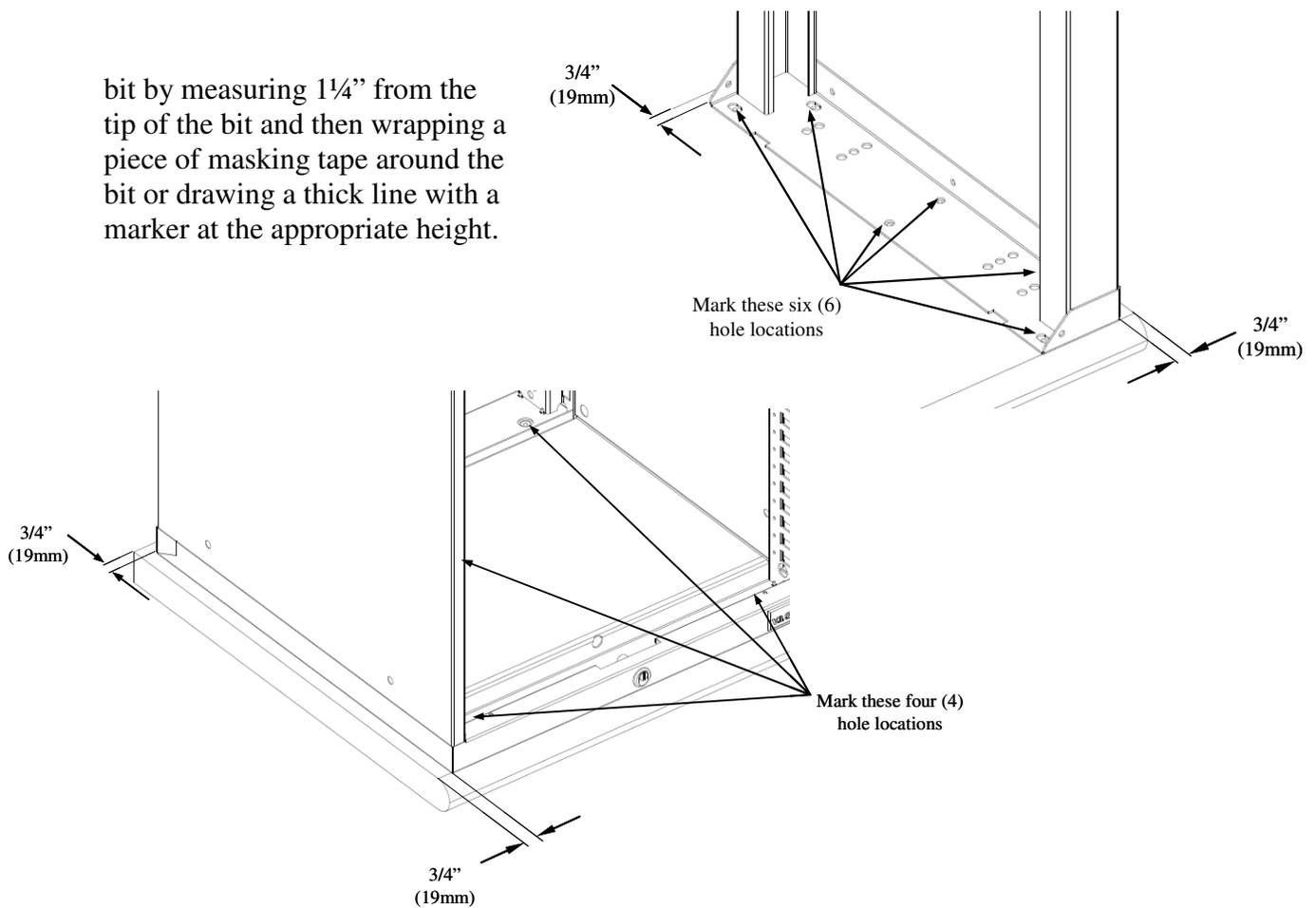
3. Using two (2) people, place the empty cabinet upside-down on the work surface. Make sure the front of the cabinet is facing the rounded edge of the work surface and that the cabinet is positioned so that when the finished bench is up-righted the cabinet is on the end you choose.
4. Align the holes in the cabinet with the pre-drilled holes in the work surface (the cabinet should sit  $\frac{3}{4}$ " (19 mm) in from the side and rear edges of the work surface).
5. Using the  $\frac{1}{2}$ " socket (with wrench, drill or ratchet) secure the cabinet with four (4)  $\frac{5}{16}$  x  $1\frac{1}{4}$ " lag screws. Leave the screws slightly loose until all four (4) are in place and then tighten the screws, until snug, in a diagonal pattern. Do not over-tighten the screws.

## Drilling the Work Surface

The work surface should come to you pre-drilled. In the event that you need to drill holes for assembly, follow the instructions below.

1. With the work surface already flipped upside-down, place the workbench leg(s) or cabinet upside-down on the ends of the bench where you want them located. For cabinets, Steps 1-3 of [Assembling Cabinet to Workbench](#) must be followed prior to placing the cabinet.
2. Both cabinets and legs should be placed  $\frac{3}{4}$ " (19mm) in from the rear and side edges of the workbench.
3. Mark the hole locations shown onto the underside of the work surface.
4. Remove the leg(s) and / or cabinet.
5. At the center of each marked location drill a  $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (31.8 mm) deep pilot hole using an electric drill and a  $\frac{13}{64}$ " drill bit. Tip: You can mark the correct drill depth on the drill

bit by measuring 1¼” from the tip of the bit and then wrapping a piece of masking tape around the bit or drawing a thick line with a marker at the appropriate height.



### Placing and Leveling the Workbench

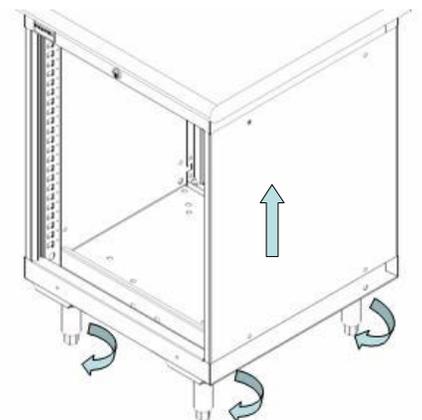
**CAUTION**

**Excessive Weight Hazard**

**Use two or more people to flip and move the workbench. Failure to do so may result in back or other injury and in potential damage to product.**

1. With at least one (1) person at the left and right ends of the workbench, flip the assembled bench over front to back (see image on Page 6). Never flip a workbench lengthwise. Keep the protective surface (shipping carton) for later assembly of other items.

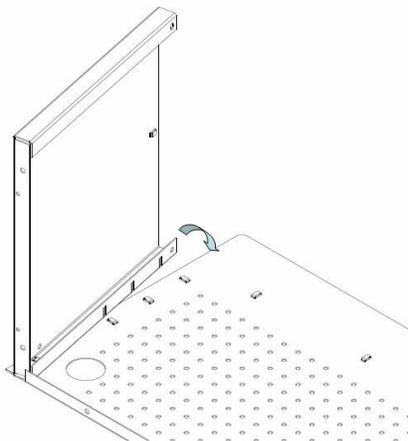
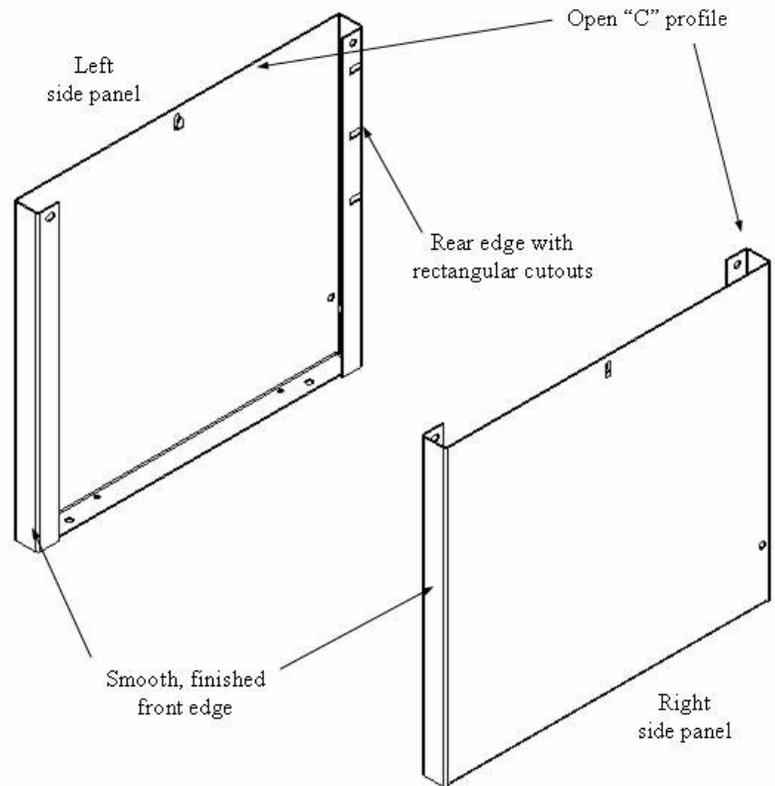
2. Place the workbench in the location where you plan on using it, with the rounded edge of the work surface facing away from the wall.
3. Level the workbench, first front-to-back and then side-to-side, by placing a level on the work surface and adjusting the leveling glides on the cabinet and/or the workbench leg(s).
4. To adjust the glides you will need an adjustable wrench for both the cabinet and the workbench leveling glides. A clockwise turn of the glides raises the workbench and a counterclockwise turn lowers the workbench. The light gray caps on the workbench leveling glides will need to be removed in order to adjust them.
5. Replace all drawers in the cabinet by following the [Lista Drawer Suspension Installation & Removal Instructions](#) that are shipped with the cabinet.



## Workbench Riser Shelf

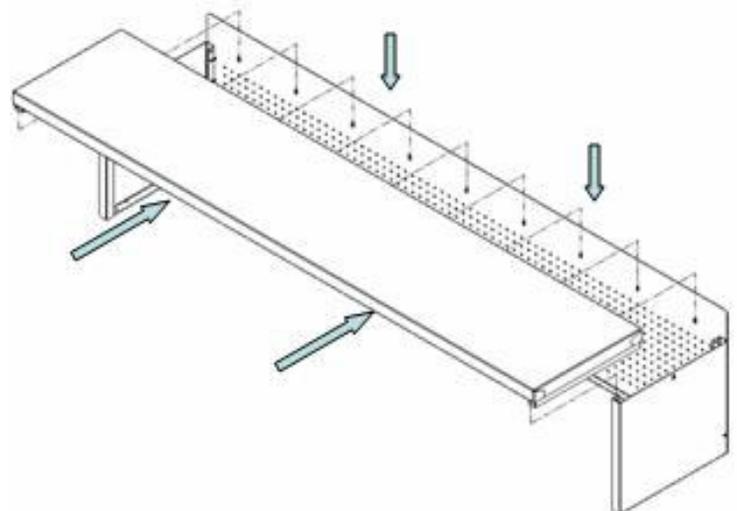
### Assembling the Shelf

1. Place the rear pegboard panel on the workbench with the bottom edge pointing upwards towards the ceiling.
2. Separate the right and left side panels of the shelf. To distinguish right from left, place the panel upright on the bench in front of you so that the end with the rectangular cutouts is farthest from you and you are looking at the smooth, finished, front edge. The closed edge is the bottom and you should see an open 'C' profile at the top. If the sidewall of the panel is on the right side – that is your right panel, if it's on the left side – that's the left panel.



7. Place the shelf into the open 'C' profile of the side panels, and make sure that the rear edge of the shelf is fully seated in the tabs all along the top of rear panel. You will need to use force to fully seat the shelf (if you choose to use a hammer to tap the shelf into place, place cardboard or something similar on the shelf surface to protect the finish).

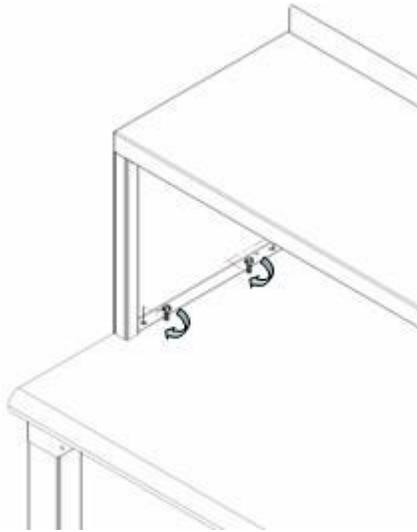
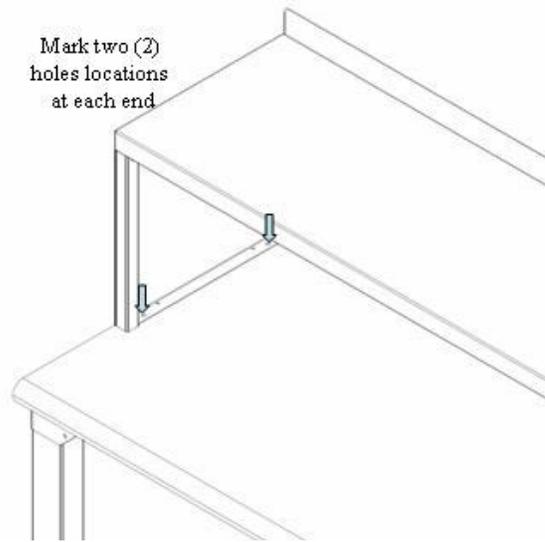
3. Place the side panel down on the rear pegboard panel at a slight angle so that the bottom rectangular slot sits over the bottom tab.
4. Rotate the panel so that it is aligned with the edge of the rear panel. All three (3) tabs from the rear panel should be fully seated in the three (3) slots of the side panel.
5. Repeat Steps 3 – 4 for the opposite side.
6. Using two (2) people flip the rear and sides assembly upright on the bench (so that the flat bottom edges are sitting on the work surface).



### Securing the Shelf to the Workbench

1. Place the shelf towards the back of the work surface. Make sure that the back and sides of the shelf line up with up the back and side edges of the work surface (all three (3) sides should line up with no overhang).
2. Mark the two (2) hole locations shown in each side panel onto the top of the work surface and the three (3) hole locations in the rear panel.

Mark two (2)  
holes locations  
at each end



3. Move the shelf and drill seven (7) pilot holes using the 3/16" drill bit. The holes should be roughly 3/4" (19 mm) deep.
4. Move the shelf back into place and secure the assembly to the work surface with seven (7) #14 x 3/4" slotted hex head screws. Use a 3/8" socket or wrench and turn in a clockwise direction just until the screws are snug. Do not over-tighten screws as it may cause the wooden work surface to split over time.

### Overhead Bench Cabinets

#### 16" Tall Single Shelf Cabinets (with Retractable Doors)

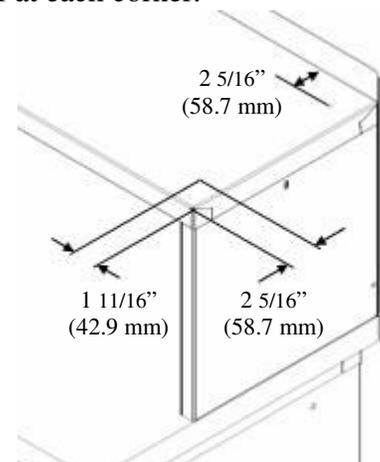


#### **Weight Hazard**

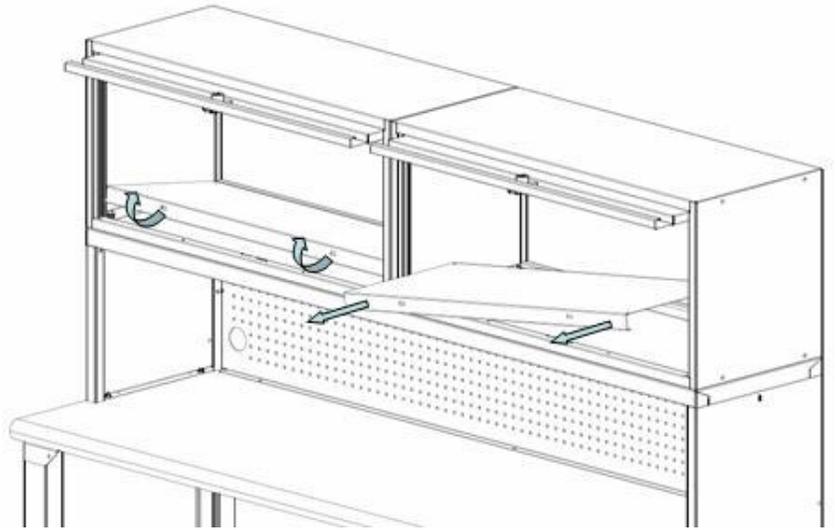
**Use two people to lift and move the overhead cabinet.  
Failure to do so may result in back or other injury  
and in potential damage to product.**

1. Start by making the holes in the workbench riser shelf. To do this, mark a line 1 11/16" (42.9 mm) in from the side edges of the shelf at each corner and 2 5/16" (58.7 mm) in from the front edge or from the rear lip of the shelf at each corner.

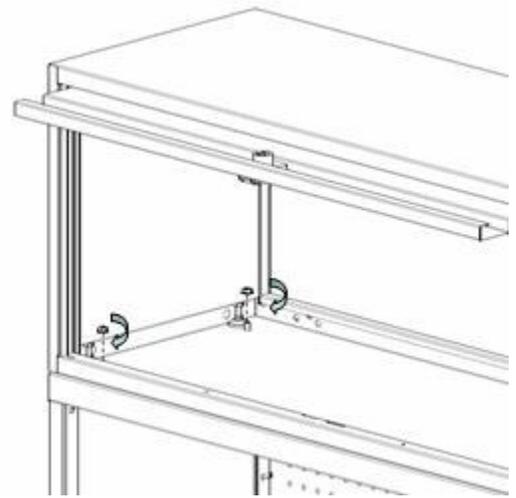
2. For all four (4) corners, place a center punch at the intersection of the lines and hit the end of the punch with a hammer to leave a mark in the shelf.
3. Drill a 9/32" hole at each corner mark.
4. Using two (2) people lift the cabinet and place it on top of the workbench shelf, at either the left or right end of the shelf.
5. Using the same method, lift the second cabinet onto the shelf, placing it beside the first cabinet.
6. Open the door to both cabinets.



- Remove the bottom shelf from each cabinet. To do this, insert a flathead screwdriver (or equivalent) into each of the rectangular cutouts in the front of the bottom shelf and lift / tilt the shelf up enough so that it is above the bottom cover of the cabinet. Then pull out the shelf with a hand at either end. Tip: Tilting the shelf diagonally will make removal easier.



- Secure the cabinets to the shelf by placing one (1) 1/4-20 x 1/2" screw up through the cabinet from the underside of the shelf.
- Hold the screw steady and place one (1) 1/4-20 nut on the stem of the screw inside the cabinet. Hand tighten the nut by turning it in a clockwise direction.
- Repeat Steps 8 – 9 for the other three (3) holes (one (1) more in the first cabinet and the two (2) holes at the far end of the second cabinet).
- Tighten all four (4) nuts by placing a Phillips #2 screwdriver in the head of the screw on the underside of the shelf and holding it steady while turning the nut in a clockwise direction with a 7/16" wrench or socket.



### 29" Tall Double Shelf Cabinets (with hinge Doors)



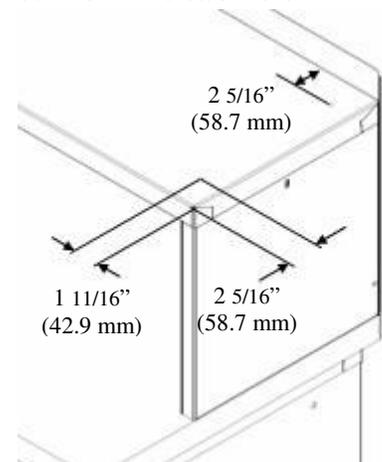
#### Weight Hazard

**Use two or more people to lift and move the overhead cabinet.**

**Failure to do so may result in back or other injury and in potential damage to product.**

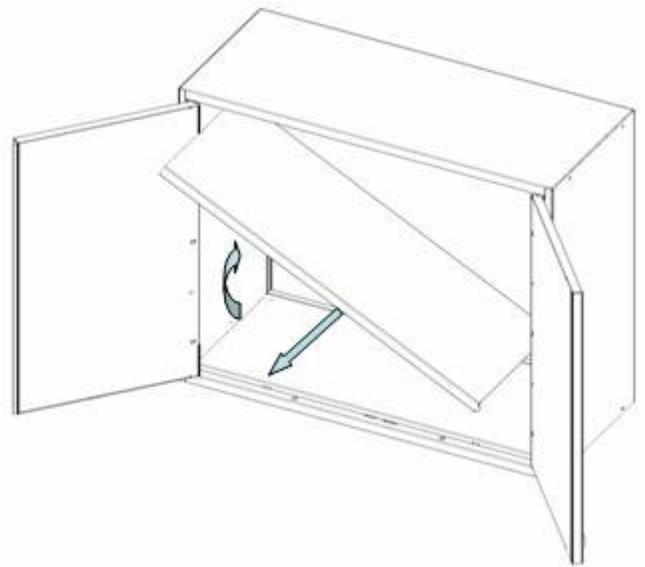
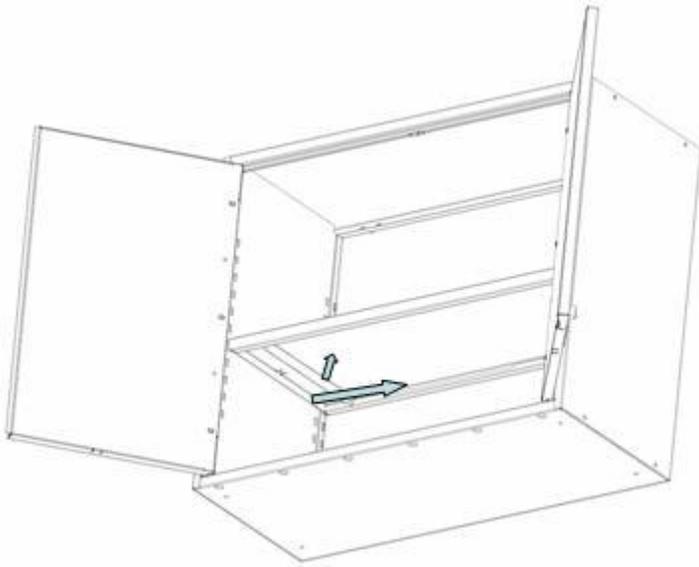
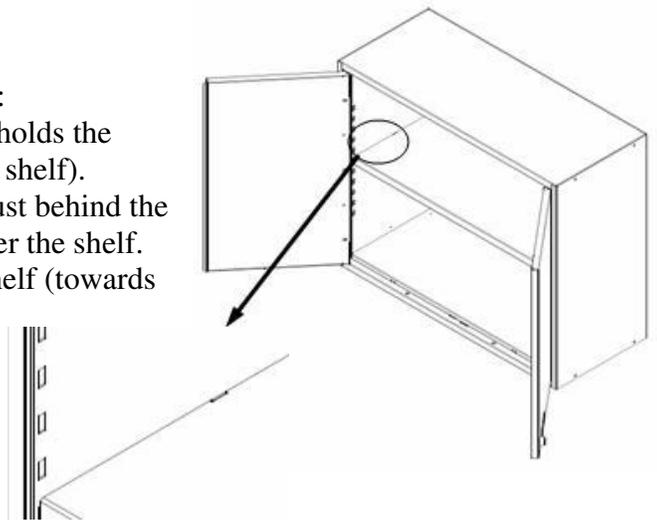
The taller cabinets with hinged doors require additional work before they can be placed on the workbench shelf. They must be bolted together side-to-side which requires removing some components. **The doors should not be removed from the cabinets.**

- Start by making the holes in the workbench riser shelf. To do this, mark a line 1 11/16" (42.9 mm) in from the side edges of the shelf at each corner and 2 5/16" (58.7 mm) in from the front edge or from the rear lip of the shelf at each corner.
- For all four (4) corners, place a center punch at the intersection of the lines and hit the end of the punch with a hammer to leave a mark in the shelf.
- Drill a 9/32" hole at each corner mark.
- Open both doors wide – the clearance will be needed to remove the shelves.

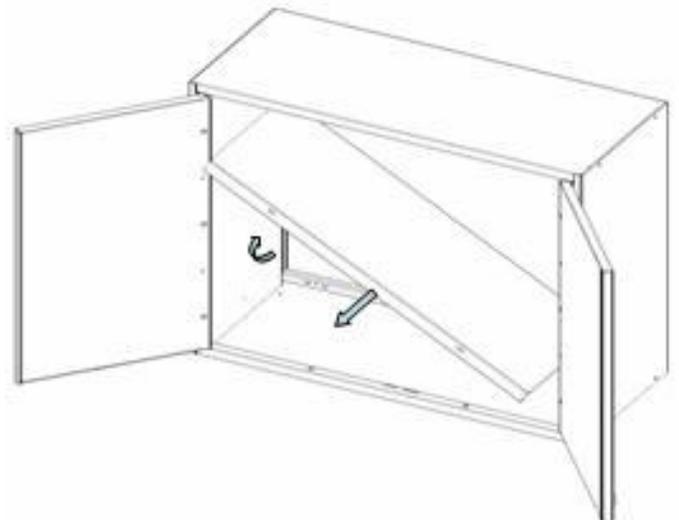
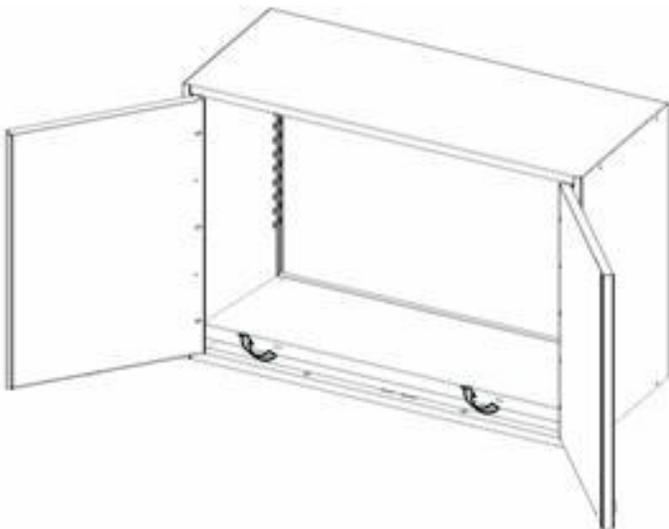


5. Remove the center adjustable shelf and set aside:

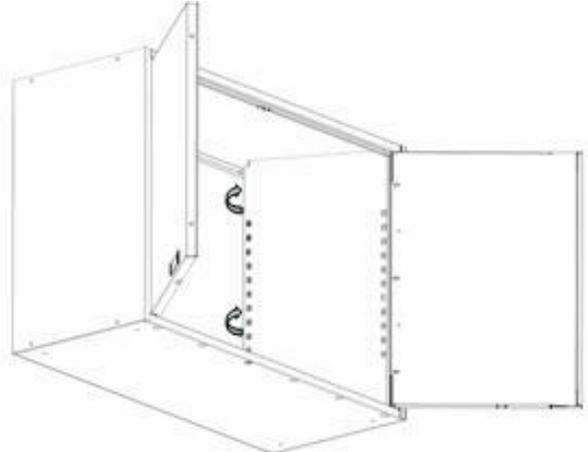
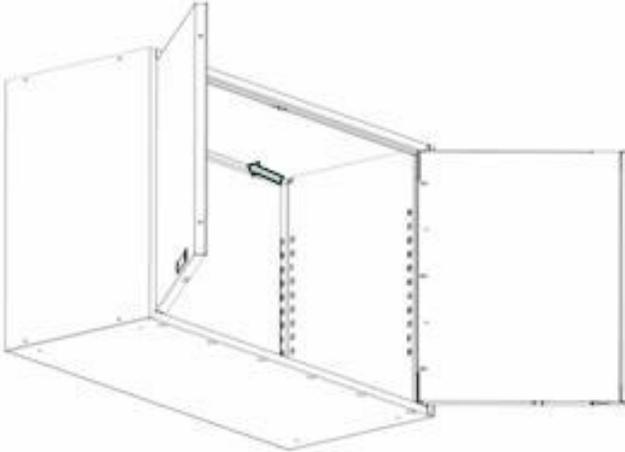
- a) Locate the bracket with the lock tab that holds the shelf in place (it will be at one end of the shelf).
- b) Push upward on the center of the shelf, just behind the bracket so that the lock tab can slide under the shelf.
- c) Slide the bracket completely under the shelf (towards the center of the cabinet) so that no part of this bracket is visible from the top of the shelf.
- d) Tilt / rotate the shelf upward and out of slots as shown. The more the shelf is tilted, the easier it will be to remove.
- e) Remove shelf from cabinet.



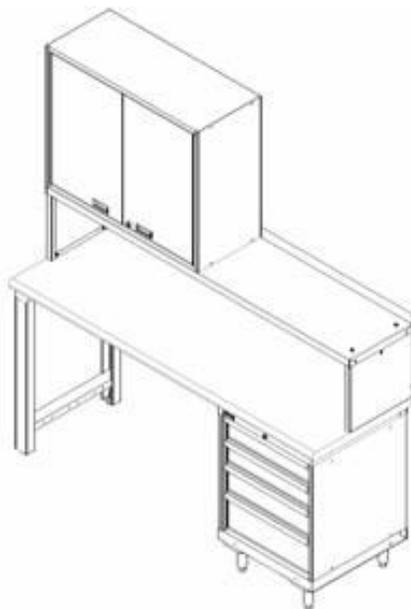
6. Remove the bottom shelf from each cabinet. To do this, insert a flathead screwdriver (or equivalent) into each of the rectangular cutouts in the front of the bottom shelf and lift / tilt the shelf up enough so that it is above the bottom cover of the cabinet. Then pull out the shelf with a hand at either end. Tip: Tilting the shelf diagonally will make removal easier.



7. Remove the right inside panel from the cabinet and set aside (this will be the left cabinet when placed on the workbench shelf):
  - a) Wearing gloves to protect the hands from metal burrs, insert a finger into the top, rear corner of the right inside panel and pull inwards at that corner.
  - b) Remove the panel by grabbing the rear edge with both hands, one at the top and one at the bottom, and rotating outwards towards you.

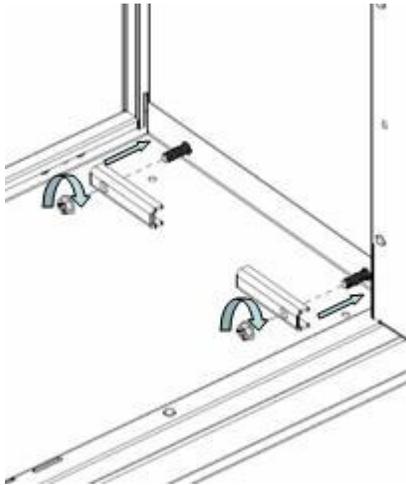
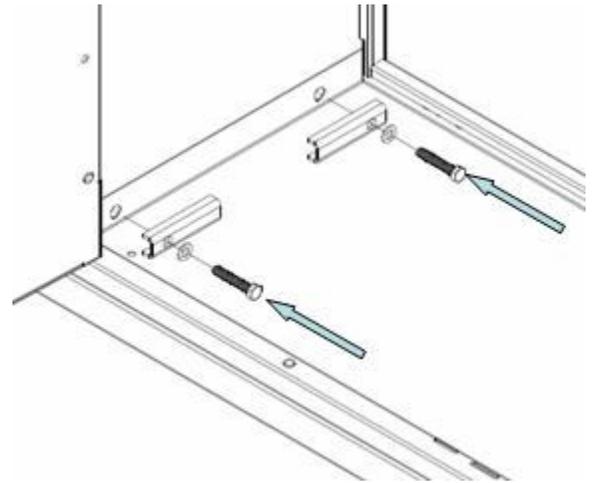


8. Remove the knockouts:
  - a) On the right end of the cabinet, place a screwdriver (or a flat punch) at the center of the knockout on the outside of the cabinet.
  - b) Tap the end of the screwdriver/punch with a hammer until the knockouts fall to the inside of the cabinet.
  - c) Repeat Steps 8a – 8b for the other three (3) knockouts on the right side of the cabinet.
9. Close the doors and using two (2) people, lift the cabinet and place it on the left end of the workbench riser shelf.



10. Repeat steps 4 – 9 for the second cabinet, this time removing the left inside panel and the knockouts on the left end of the cabinet.
11. Close the doors and using two (2) people, lift the cabinet and place it on the right end of the workbench riser shelf beside the first cabinet.
12. Bolt the cabinets side-to-side:
  - a) Align both cabinets so that the side-to-side holes that you just hammered out are next to each other.
  - b) Insert one (1) 5/16-18 x 1 3/4" hex head bolt through one (1) 5/16" washer and then through one (1) side-to-side support bracket.
  - c) Insert the coupled hardware and bracket through one (1) mounting hole through both cabinets.

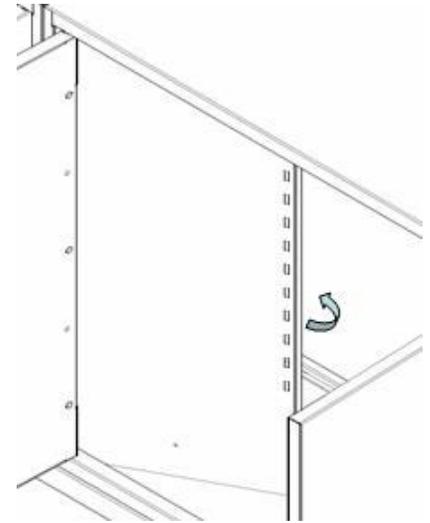
- d) Place one (1) support bracket onto the stem of the bolt in the second cabinet in the same orientation as the other side.
- e) Thread one (1) 5/16-18 top lock nut onto the bolt and tighten by hand. Do not tighten completely until all four (4) side-to-side brackets are in place.



- f) Repeat steps 12b -12e for all four (4) corners of the side-by-side cabinets.

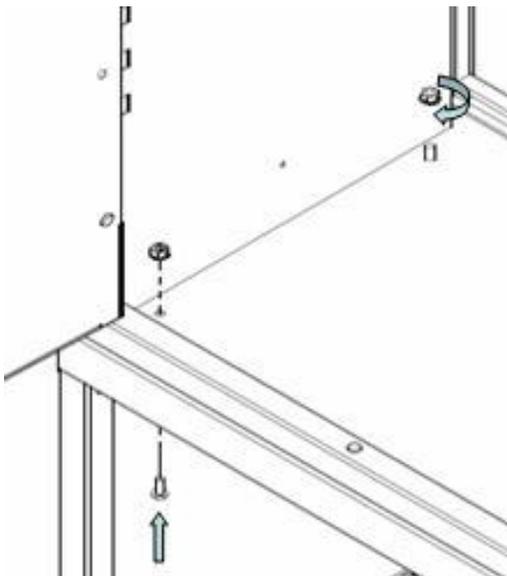
- 13. Check the alignment of the cabinets to make sure they are flush all around and with the edges of the workbench shelf.
- 14. Tighten all hardware using a 1/2" wrench or socket on the bolt and the nut. Hold the bolt steady and turn the top lock nut in a clockwise direction to tighten.

- 15. Replace the inside panel in each cabinet by placing the front end of the panel into the cabinet first (make sure it sits behind the lip of the cabinet) and then rotating it back into position (reverse the process followed in Step 7). You may need to tap the panel back into place.
- 16. Secure the cabinets to the shelf by placing one (1) 1/4-20 x 1/2" screw up through the cabinet from the underside of the shelf.
- 17. Hold the screw steady and place one (1) 1/4-20 nut on the stem of the screw inside the cabinet. Hand tighten the nut by turning it in a clockwise direction.



- 18. Repeat Steps 16 – 17 for the other three (3) holes (one (1) more in the first cabinet and two (2) at the far end of the second cabinet).

- 19. Tighten all four (4) nuts by placing a Phillips #2 screwdriver in the head of the screw on the underside of the shelf and holding it steady while turning the nut in a clockwise direction with a 7/16" wrench or socket.
- 20. Replace the bottom shelf by reversing the process described in Step 6.
- 21. Replace the center adjustable shelf by reversing the process described in Step 5.



## Drawer Cabinets / Hinged or Sliding Door Cabinets

### **CAUTION**

#### **Excessive Weight Hazard**

**Use two or more people to move the cabinet.  
Failure to do so may result in back or other injury  
and in potential damage to product.**

the Lista Drawer Suspension Installation & Removal Instructions that are shipped with the cabinet. This step will later provide access to the holes required for bolting either a countertop or a stacked cabinet and make the cabinet lighter for moving.

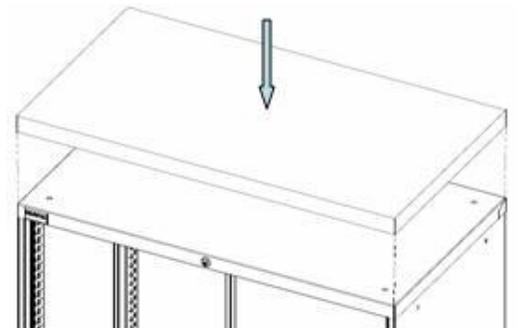
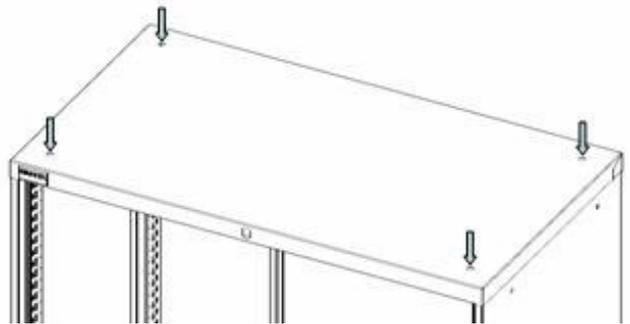
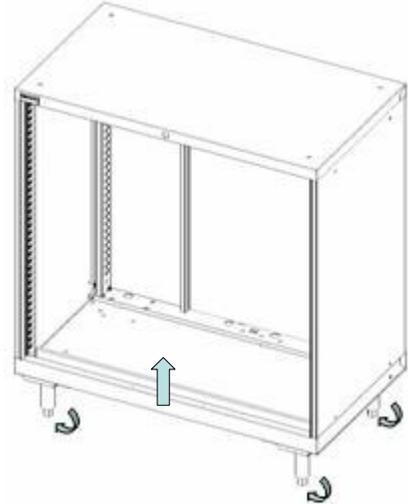
2. Level the cabinet, first front-to-back and then side-to-side. Start by placing a level on the top of the cabinet.
3. To adjust the glides you will need an adjustable wrench for the leveling glides. A clockwise turn of the glides raises the cabinet and a counterclockwise turn lowers the cabinet.

#### Assembling the Countertop (Drawer Cabinets)

1. Remove the round knockouts (there is one (1) located in each corner of the top of the cabinet). This is done by placing a screwdriver (or a flat punch) at the center of the hole and hitting the end with a hammer until the knockout falls into the cabinet.
2. Using two (2) people, place the countertop on top of the cabinet. Make sure the countertop is flush with all edges of the cabinet.
3. From inside the cabinet, mark the location of the four (4) holes on the countertop.
4. Using two (2) people, flip the countertop upside-down. At the center of each marked location drill a 1¼" (31.8 mm) deep pilot using an electric drill and a 13/64" drill bit. Be careful not to drill to the other side. Tip: marking the correct depth on the drill bit makes this much easier.
5. Using two (2) people, flip the countertop back over and align the four (4) holes in the countertop with the four (4) holes in the cabinet.
6. From inside the cabinet, use a ½" socket (with wrench, drill or ratchet) to drive one (1) 5/16" x 1¼" lag screw into each hole in the countertop. Do not tighten completely until all screws are in place - then tighten just until snug, in a diagonal pattern. Do not over-tighten screws as it may cause the wood top to split over time.

#### Placing and Leveling the Cabinet

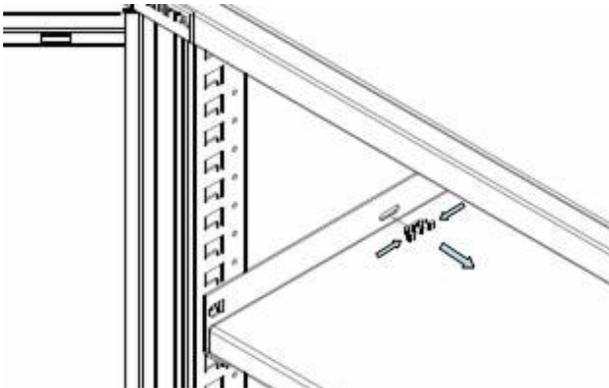
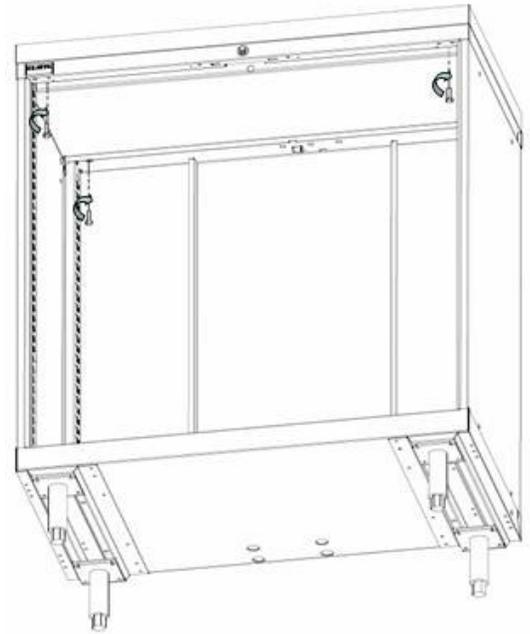
1. With two (2) people place the cabinet in the area where you plan on using it. It is a good idea to remove the drawers (if you have a drawer cabinet) first by following



7. Replace all drawers in the cabinet by following the Lista Drawer Suspension Installation & Removal Instructions that are shipped with the cabinet.

#### Assembling the Countertop (Hinge Door Cabinet)

1. Place and level the hinge door cabinet as described in the section Placing and Leveling the Cabinet, above. In this case there are no drawers to remove and simply opening the hinged doors all the way should provide adequate access to be able to install the countertop. If you feel that you need to remove a shelf for additional space, remove the top shelf as follows:
  - a. Remove the white plastic clip on each end of the shelf (these clips squeeze together to remove). Set clips aside for re-assembly.
  - b. Lift and tilt the shelf to get past the shelf brackets (the shelf brackets do not need to come out) and sit it on the shelf below. A piece of the shipping cardboard placed between the shelves will keep them from scratching each other.



2. Follow Steps 1 – 6 in Assembling the Countertop (Drawer Cabinet).
3. Replace the shelf by reversing Steps 1a-1b, above.



#### Stacking and Securing a Sliding Door Cabinet



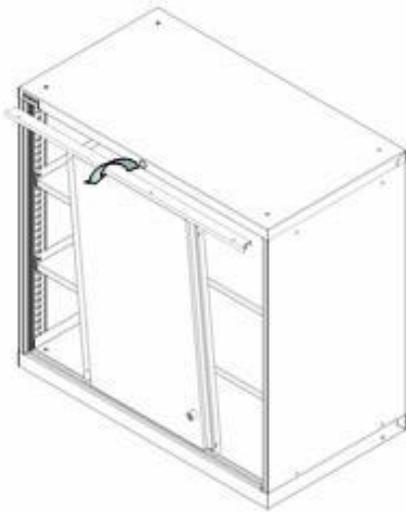
**WARNING**

#### **Excessive Weight Hazard**

**Use two or more people to lift and place the cabinet.  
Failure to do so could result in death or serious injury  
as well as damage to the product.**

1. Whether the bottom cabinet is a drawer cabinet or has hinged doors, first place and level the cabinet as described in Placing and Leveling the Cabinet.
2. Remove the round knockouts on the lower cabinet as described in Step 1 of Assembling the Countertop (Drawer Cabinets).

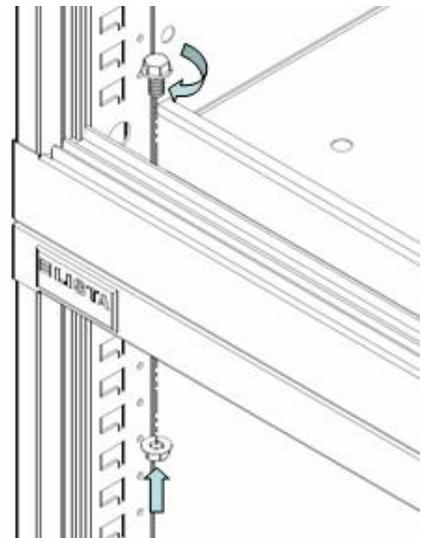
3. Remove the sliding doors from the sliding door cabinet:
  - a. Slide the left door all the way to the right of the cabinet.
  - b. Remove the screws holding the top track in the cabinet using a Phillips #2 screwdriver.
  - c. Slide both doors to the left of the cabinet and remove the remaining screws. Hold onto the top track while undoing the last screw so the doors don't fall out towards you while working.
  - d. Tilt the track and doors out from the cabinet towards you and remove. Set the doors and hardware aside for assembly later.



4. Remove the bottom shelf of the cabinet:
  - a. Reach into the cabinet and grab the bottom shelf at each end (two (2) people will make this step easier).
  - b. Lift the bottom shelf straight up and pull it out from the cabinet. Set aside for assembly later.



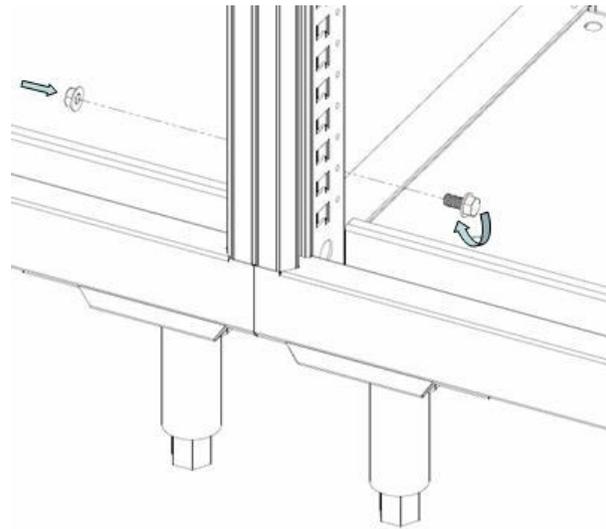
5. **With two (2) or more people** lift the second cabinet and place it on top of the floor based cabinet. Proper lifting techniques should be employed to help prevent injury.
6. Make sure the cabinets are aligned front-to-back and side-to-side – the holes you made in the bottom cabinet will line up with holes already pre-punched in the top cabinet.
7. Insert one (1) 5/16-18 x 5/8" whiz lock bolt into each of the holes you made so that the head of the bolt is in the top cabinet.
8. Partially thread one (1) 5/16-18 top lock flange nut onto the stem of each bolt from the bottom cabinet.
9. Tighten all four (4) bolts by placing a 1/2" wrench or socket on both the bolt the nut. Hold the bottom wrench steady and tighten the bolt until snug.
10. Replace the bottom shelf by reversing Steps 4a – 4b above.
11. Replace the sliding doors by reversing Steps 3a – 3d above. This will require the use of a step stool and a second person to hold the doors/track steady while you secure the track in place.



### Bolting Cabinets Side-to-Side

In the event that you have multiple cabinets placed side-by-side, it is a good idea to bolt them together.

1. Place the cabinets side-by-side in the location where they will be used and level the cabinets as described in Placing and Leveling the Cabinet.
2. Make sure that they are in line, front-to-back.
3. Remove components necessary for access to the side holes of each cabinet:
  - a. For drawers, refer to Lista Drawer Suspension Installation & Removal Instructions that are shipped with the cabinet.
  - b. Components for shelf cabinets shouldn't have to be removed, but if you feel you need additional space to work, remove sliding doors or shelves as described in Stacking and Securing a Sliding Door Cabinet and Assembling the Countertop (Hinge Door Cabinet).
4. Insert one (1) 5/16-18 x 5/8" whiz lock bolt into each of the four (4) holes in the side of one of the cabinets.
5. Partially thread one (1) 5/16-18 top lock flange nut onto each bolt from inside the second cabinet.
6. Tighten all four (4) bolts by placing a 1/2" wrench or socket on both the bolt the nut. Hold the nut steady and tighten the bolt until snug.
7. Replace all components removed as described in the sections covering each component.



**Notes:**

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